

Safety data sheet

This SDS is an English translation of COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878, without any country-specific legislation

ROZCIEŃCZALNIK DO WYROBÓW AKRYLOWYCH - THINNER FOR ACRYLIC PRODUCTS

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 **Product identifier:**

ROZCIEŃCZALNIK DO WYROBÓW AKRYLOWYCH - THINNER FOR ACRYLIC PRODUCTS

Other means of identification:

IIET-

PRM4-70CX-Q00D-5T1Y

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: 1.2

Relevant uses (Consumer use): Universal thinner for acrylic products. Relevant uses (Professional users): Universal thinner for acrylic products. Relevant uses (Industrial user): Universal thinner for acrylic products. Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

"BOLL" Wojciech Dalewski Spółka Jawna ul. Chemiczna 3 65-713 Zielona Góra - Polska Phone: 68 451 99 99 - Fax: 68 451 99 00 huszcza@boll.pl https://www.boll.pl

Emergency telephone number: 1.4

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2, H373 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

Label elements: 2.2

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Danger



Hazard statements:

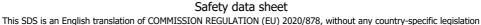
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Revised: 17/03/2025

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Version: 2 (Replaced 1)



BOLL

ROZCIEŃCZALNIK DO WYROBÓW AKRYLOWYCH - THINNER FOR ACRYLIC PRODUCTS

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

- P241: Use explosion-proof equipment.
- P260: Do not breathe vapours

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/face protection.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification

N-butyl acetate; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene; 2-methylpropan-1-ol; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics; 2-methoxypropyl acetate

UFI: PRM4-70CX-Q00D-5T1Y

The product packaging must include: child-resistant fastenings, tactile warning.

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: a mixture of organic and auxiliary substances

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification				
CAS:	123-86-4	N-butyl acetate ⁽¹⁾	N-butyl acetate ⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00				
EC: Index: REACH:	204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning		50 - <70 %		
CAS:	Not relevant	Reaction mass of eth	ylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ⁽¹⁾	Self-classified			
EC: Index: REACH:	905-562-9 Not relevant : 01-2119555267-33- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger		10 - <20 %		
CAS:	203-603-9 607-195-00-7	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ⁽¹⁾ Self-classified					
EC: Index: REACH:		Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	<u>نې</u>	5 - <15 %		
CAS:	78-83-1	2-methylpropan-1-o	[(1)	ATP CLP00			
Index: REACH:	201-148-0 603-108-00-1 01-2119484609-23- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; ST SE 3: H336 - Danger	^{ot} (1)	5 - <10 %		
CAS:	128601-23-0	Hydrocarbons, C9, a	rbons, C9, aromatics ⁽¹⁾ Self-classified				
EC: Index: REACH:			Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	🇆 (!) 🕹 😩	4 - <8 %		

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/8/8
 ⁽²⁾ Voluntarily-listed substance failing to meet any of the criteria set out in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878



SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification			
CAS:		2-methoxypropyl ace	etate ⁽²⁾		
Index:	274-724-2 607-251-00-0 Not relevant	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Repr. 1B: H360D; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	۵ 🗘 🗞	<0,06 %

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 ⁽²⁾ Voluntarily-listed substance failing to meet any of the criteria set out in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

Identification	Specific concentration limit
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	% (w/w) >=10: STOT RE 2 - H373

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	LD50 oral	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 905-562-9	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the affected person from the area of exposure, provide them with fresh air, and keep them at rest. In severe cases such as cardiorespiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration techniques if properly trained (CPR, oxygen provision, etc.) and seek immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not available

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)



SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

- Spillages in water or sea:
- Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions



SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

- C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene
 - Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.
- D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.:5 °CMaximum Temp.:25 °CMaximum time:24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	241 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	723 mg/m ³
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³
CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (1)	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m ³
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m ³

(1) Skin

DNEL (Workers):

	Short exposure		Long exposure		
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 123-86-4	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 204-658-1	Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	600 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: Not relevant	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 905-562-9	Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	796 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Not relevant	550 mg/m ³	275 mg/m ³	Not relevant



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short	exposure	Long	exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 78-83-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
EC: 201-148-0	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	310 mg/m ³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 128601-23-0	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	25 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	150 mg/m ³	Not relevant

DNEL (General population):

		Short e	xposure	Long e	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate	Oral	2 mg/kg	Not relevant	2 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 123-86-4	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Not relevant	6 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 204-658-1	Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: Not relevant	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 905-562-9	Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	260 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	36 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	320 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/m ³	33 mg/m ³
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 78-83-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
EC: 201-148-0	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	55 mg/m ³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 128601-23-0	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	32 mg/m ³	Not relevant

PNEC:

Identification				
N-butyl acetate	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L
CAS: 123-86-4	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L
EC: 204-658-1	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: Not relevant	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 905-562-9	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,064 mg/L
EC: 203-603-9	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg
2-methylpropan-1-ol	STP	10 mg/L	Fresh water	0,4 mg/L
CAS: 78-83-1	Soil	0,076 mg/kg	Marine water	0,04 mg/L
EC: 201-148-0	Intermittent	11 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1,56 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,156 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 2016/425/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

B.- Respiratory protection

8 Respiratory pr	otection					
Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks		
Mandatory respiratory trac protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A) t	CAT III	EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.		
- Specific protection for the hands						

[Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
	Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Nitrile, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.4 mm)		EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	CAT II	EN 166:2002 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982- 1:2005/A1:2011 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1995	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	- +	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	100 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	860 kg/m ³ (860 g/L)
Average carbon number:	6,28
Average molecular weight:	112,72 g/mol



SECT	ION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	5
9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical pro	perties:
	For complete information see the product datasheet.	
	Appearance:	
	Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
	Appearance:	Colourless
	Colour:	Colourless
	Odour:	Not available *
	Odour threshold:	Not available *
	Volatility:	
	Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	108 - 181 °C
	Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	Not available *
	Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	Not available *
	Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not available *
	Product description:	
	Density at 20 °C:	860 - 890 kg/m³
	Relative density at 20 °C:	0,86 - 0,89
	Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not available *
	Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not available *
	Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20,5 mm ² /s
	Concentration:	Not available *
	pH:	Not available *
	Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not available *
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not available *
	Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not available *
	Solubility properties:	Not available *
	Decomposition temperature:	Not available *
	Melting point/freezing point:	Not available *
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	28 °C
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available *
	Autoignition temperature:	Not available *
	Lower flammability limit:	Not available *
	Upper flammability limit:	Not available *
	Particle characteristics:	
	Median equivalent diameter:	Not available *
9.2	Other information:	
	Information with regard to physical hazard clas	
	Explosive properties:	Not available *
	Oxidising properties:	Not available *
	Corrosive to metals:	Not available *
	Heat of combustion:	Not available *
	Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not available *
	Other safety characteristics:	
	*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing info	rmation property of its hazards. NUED ON NEXT PAGE -



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ROZCIEŃCZALNIK DO WYROBÓW AKRYLOWYCH - THINNER FOR ACRYLIC PRODUCTS

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIN	ES (continued)

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Not available *

Refraction index:

Not available *

*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):



PRODUCTS

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
 - IARC: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (3); Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute	toxicity	Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	LD50 oral	5627 mg/kg	Mouse
CAS: Not relevant	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 905-562-9	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
C: 203-603-9	LC50 inhalation vapour	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
N-butyl acetate	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 204-658-1	LC50 inhalation vapour	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LD50 oral	3350 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 78-83-1	LD50 dermal	2460 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 201-148-0	LC50 inhalation vapour	24,6 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LD50 oral	>3492 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 128601-23-0	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 918-668-5	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	
2-methoxypropyl acetate	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
CAS: 70657-70-4	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 274-724-2	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

Other information

Not relevant



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	LC50	Not relevant		
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	Not relevant		
EC: 204-658-1	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
EC: 203-603-9	EC50	Not relevant		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50	2030 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
CAS: 78-83-1	EC50	1439 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 201-148-0	EC50	1250 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 128601-23-0	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
EC: 918-668-5	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	NOEC	Not relevant		
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	NOEC	23,2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NOEC	47,5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
2-methylpropan-1-ol	NOEC	Not relevant		
CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	NOEC	20 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	De	egradability	Biod	Biodegradability	
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant	
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Not relevant	Period	5 days	
EC: 204-658-1	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	84 %	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	785 mg/L	
CAS: 108-65-6	COD	Not relevant	Period	8 days	
EC: 203-603-9	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	100 %	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	BOD5	0,4 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L	
CAS: 78-83-1	COD	2,41 g O2/g	Period	14 days	
EC: 201-148-0	BOD5/COD	0,17	% Biodegradable	90 %	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification		Bioaccumulation potential		
N-butyl acetate	BCF	4		
CAS: 123-86-4	Pow Log	1.78		
EC: 204-658-1	Potential	Low		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	BCF	9		
CAS: Not relevant	Pow Log	2.77		
EC: 905-562-9	Potential	Low		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BCF	1		
CAS: 108-65-6	Pow Log	0.43		
EC: 203-603-9	Potential	Low		



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued) Bioaccumulation potential Identification BCF 2-methylpropan-1-ol 3 Pow Log 0.76 CAS: 78-83-1 FC: 201-148-0 Potential Low 12.4 Mobility in soil: Volatility Identification Absorption/desorption N-butyl acetate Кос Not relevant Henry Not relevant CAS: 123-86-4 Conclusion Not relevant Dry soil Not relevant EC: 204-658-1 Surface tension 2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C) Moist soil Not relevant 2-methylpropan-1-ol Кос Not relevant Henry Not relevant Conclusion Dry soil CAS: 78-83-1 Not relevant Not relevant EC: 201-148-0 Surface tension 2,378E-2 N/m (25 °C) Moist soil Not relevant 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP14 Ecotoxic, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

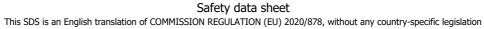
Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION **

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:

** Changes with regards to the previous version



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ROZCIEŃCZALNIK DO WYROBÓW AKRYLOWYCH - THINNER FOR ACRYLIC PRODUCTS

SECTION 14: TRANSF	PORT	INFORMATION ** (continuec	1)
	14.2	UN number or ID number: UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es):	UN1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL 3
		Labels: Packing group:	3 III
3		Environmental hazards:	No
·	14.6	Special precautions for user Special regulations: Tunnel restriction code: Physico-Chemical properties: Limited quantities:	163, 367, 650 D/E see section 9 5 L
	14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:	Not relevant
Transport of da	angero	ous goods by sea:	
With regard to IN	4DG 41	-22:	
		UN number or ID number:	UN1263
		UN proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
		Transport hazard class(es): Labels:	3 3
		Packing group:	
3		Marine pollutant: Special precautions for user	No
•	14.0	Special regulations:	163, 223, 955, 367
		EmS Codes: Physico-Chemical properties: Limited quantities: Segregation group:	F-E, S-E see section 9 5 L Not relevant
	14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:	Not relevant
Transport of da	angero	ous goods by air:	
With regard to IA	ATA/IC/	AO 2025:	
	14.2 14.3	UN number or ID number: UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es): Labels:	UN1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL 3 3
3		Packing group:	III
		Environmental hazards:	No
	14.6	Special precautions for user Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	147	, , ,	
	14./	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:	Not relevant
** Changes with regards to a	the pre	vious version	

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

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Safety data sheet

This SDS is an English translation of COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878, without any country-specific legislation

ROZCIEŃCZALNIK DO WYROBÓW AKRYLOWYCH - THINNER FOR ACRYLIC PRODUCTS

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

-tricks and jokes,

-games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

TRANSPORT INFORMATION (SECTION 14):

· UN number

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:



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Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye imitation. Ham. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. Repr. 1B: H360D - May damage the unborn child. Skin Jirti. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation. STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause skin irritation. STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause skin irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause skin irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause skin irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause skin irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. STOT SE 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3) Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Advice related to training: Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu MDG: International Air Transport Association CAO: International Air Transport Association CAO: Chermical Calculation demand BOT: Biconcentration 50 LCS0: Lethal Concentration 50 LCS0: Lethal Concentration 50 LCS0: Chernical Cordificient for organic carbon UFI: unique formulai duefuffer	ECTI	ON 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3) Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Advice related to training: Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: http://echa.europa.eu htbp://echa.europa.eu htbp://eur-lex.europa.eu htbp://eur-lex.europa.eu htDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Covil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration f30 LS50: Lethal Concentration 50		Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage. Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. Repr. 1B: H360D - May damage the unborn child. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation. STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Advice related to training: Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: http://echa.europa.eu http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu MbG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International amitime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Concentration 50 ECS0: Effective concentration 50 ECS0: Effective concentration 50 LO3POW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon		Classification procedure:
 Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.au Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 LOgPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon 		Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method
 interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Concentration 50 ECS0: Effective concentration 50 LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon 		-
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IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon		Abbreviations and acronyms:
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer		IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon UFI: unique formula identifier

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -

Version: 2 (Replaced 1)

Revised: 17/03/2025